PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 20031019	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416				
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/FI 2004/000136	11.03.2004	19.03.2003			
International Patent Classification (IPC) of	or national classification and IPC				
B01D11/04,C22B3/02//C	22B15:00,C22B19:00,C22	2B23:00,C22B34:34,			
C22B60:02					
A1:					
Applicant					
Outokumpu Oyj et al					
 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 					
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	of _5 sheets, including this c	over sheet.			
This report is also accompanied b	y ANNEXES, comprising:				
	• •				
	and to the International Bureau) a total of				
and/or sheets	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).				
sheets which	supersede earlier sheets, but which this Au	thority considers contain an amendment that goes			
	beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.				
b. (sent to the Internation	onal Bureau only) a total of (indicate type a	nd number of electronic carrier(s))			
, containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).					
4. This report contains indications re	elating to the following items:				
	f the report				
Box No. II Priority					
Box No. III Non-est	tablishment of opinion with regard to novel	ty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
Box No. IV Lack of	unity of invention				
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
Box No. VI Certain documents cited					
Box No. VII Certain	defects in the international application				
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application					
Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of this report					
2 die de completion of unit report					
12.01.2005	06.04.20	06.04.2005			
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SI					
Patent- och registreringsverket					
S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Bengt Christensson/MP					
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Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 2004)					

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/FI 2004/000136

Box	No. I	Basis of the report	┛
1.		regard to the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was filed, unles wise indicated under this item.	s
		This report is based on a translation from the original language into the following language , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:	
		international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))	١
		publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)	1
		international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)	ł
2.	furnish	regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been hed to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed re not annexed to this report):	n
	\boxtimes	the international application as originally filed/furnished	1
		the description:	١
		pages as originally filed/furnished	ı
		pages* received by this Authority on	
		pages* received by this Authority on	١
	Ш	the claims:	ı
		pagesas originally filed/furnished	
		pages* as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19 pages* received by this Authority on	
		pages* received by this Authority on	
		the drawings:	
	ш	pages as originally filed/furnished	ļ
		pages* received by this Authority on	
		pages* received by this Authority on	
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.	١
3.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	١
		the description, pages	
		the claims, Nos.	
		the drawings, sheets/figs	
		the sequence listing (specify):	
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):	
4.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not be made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Ru 70.2(c)).	en :le
		the description, pages	
		the claims, Nos.	;
		the drawings, sheets/figs	İ
		the sequence listing (specify):	
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):	
*	If item	n 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/FI 2004/000136

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Statement	

Novelty (N)	Claims Claims	1-38	YES NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims Claims	1-38	YES NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims Claims	1-38	YES NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

The invention

This application pertains to a method and equipment for liquid-liquid extraction.

The recovery of metals often requires many mixing-separation units or mixer-settlers. This kind of arrangement is disadvantageous. Another drawback when extracting metals is that the separation capacity of the settler remains incomplete and the entrainment of residual droplets in the separated solution is high.

The present invention is intended to overcome these deficiencies.

The aim is met by controlled separation of dispersion. The dispersion in the separation section is conducted into an outward flow field. The field is formed by partition walls. The phases that have separated flow longitudinally. The dispersion remaining in the middle of the separated phases is dammed up with one reversing element, placed in the rear part of the outward flow field, extending from one partition wall of the separation section to the other. After the reversing element, the direction of the dispersion and the direction of the separated solution phases are reversed in the rear of the separation section in the opposite direction to flow back in return flow fields situated on both sides of the outward flow field towards the feed end of the separation section.

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Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: Box $\,V\,$

Cited document

This document is cited in the International Search Report. The citation is considered to describe the most relevant prior art:

D1) US-A1-3 997 445

An apparatus for counter-current extraction of a dissolved material from a first liquid phase to a second liquid phase is previously known from D1. The extraction is carried out according to the so-called "mixer-settler" principle (column 1, lines 4-9). One problem with extraction according to this document is that some of the other materials dissolved in the first liquid will usually have some affinity for the second liquid (column 1, lines 23-25). The apparatus comprises a mixing chamber (16) and a settling chamber (32). Combined liquids pass further into an intermediate portion having porous cross walls (36) and (38). After the liquids separate in the intermediate portion of the settling chamber (32), they pass through one of the porous walls (38) to the remote end of the settling chamber (32) referenced by (40). The settling chamber remote end (40) is provided with partitions (42) and (44) to seal off selected portions of the settling chamber (fig. 1 & column 1, line 47-column 2, line 37). The mother liquor is continuously passing in one direction and the extractant liquid is continuously passing in counter-current flow (fig. 2 & column 2, lines 45-46). Fig. 2 also illustrates that the counter-current flow is situated on both sides of the outward flow.

Analysis

D1 is cited in the International Search Report as a document of particular relevance and is now considered to show the closest background art. The reason for this review is that the present invention describes one extraction step in which the dispersion and settled phases together flow first to the rear end and then back to the front end inside the same settling

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Supplemental Box

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section. Furthermore, the porous walls of D1 do not turn the flow of fluids vertically, but the liquids go right ahead through them in a horizontal direction. Consequently, D1 does not anticipate the technique of claim 1.

Since dependent claims 2,5,12 refer to claim 1, the opinions on these claims are also re-evaluated.

The method and equipment for separation of a dispersion according to the independent claims 1 and 13 are considered to give rise to an unexpected technical effect, i.e. regulating the thickness of the dispersion band and achieving controlled turning of the different phases in the rear of the settler. Thus, these claims are not considered to describe a technique that is obvious to a person skilled in the art.

Conclusion

In accordance with the arguments stated above, the invention in claims 1-38 is novel, considered to involve an inventive step and has industrial applicability.